

General Assembly

January Session, 2013

Substitute Bill No. 955



AN ACT CONCERNING PHARMACY AUDITS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2013*) (a) As used in this section:
- 3 (1) "Extrapolation" means the practice of inferring a frequency of 4 dollar amount of overpayments, underpayments, nonvalid claims or 5 other errors on any portion of claims submitted, based on the 6 frequency or dollar amount of overpayments, underpayments, 7 nonvalid claims or other errors actually measured in a sample of 8 claims;
- 9 (2) "Pharmacy audit" means an audit, conducted on-site or remotely 10 by or on behalf of a pharmacy benefits manager or plan sponsor of any 11 records of a pharmacy for prescription drugs or prescription devices 12 dispensed by such pharmacy to beneficiaries of a health benefit plan. 13 "Pharmacy audit" does not include (A) a concurrent review or desk 14 audit that occurs within three business days of the pharmacy's 15 transmission of a claim to a pharmacy benefits manager or plan 16 sponsor, or (B) a concurrent review or desk audit where no charge-17 back or recoupment is demanded by the pharmacy benefits manager 18 or plan sponsor;
- (3) "Plan sponsor" has the same meaning as described in section 38a 479aaa of the general statutes, as amended by this act.

- 21 (b) (1) No entity other than a pharmacy benefits manager or a plan 22 sponsor shall conduct a pharmacy audit unless such entity and 23 manager or sponsor, as applicable, have executed a written agreement 24 for the conducting of pharmacy audits. Prior to conducting a 25 pharmacy audit on behalf of such manager or sponsor, such entity 26 shall notify the pharmacy in writing that such entity and manager or 27 sponsor, as applicable, have executed such agreement.
- 28 (2) Any entity conducting a pharmacy audit shall have access only 29 to previous pharmacy audit reports of a particular pharmacy 30 conducted by or on behalf of such entity. Nothing in this subdivision 31 shall be construed to authorize access to any information that is 32 confidential or prohibited from disclosure by law.
 - (3) Any information collected during a pharmacy audit shall be confidential by law, except that the entity conducting the pharmacy audit may share such information with the pharmacy benefits manager and the plan sponsor, for which such pharmacy audit is being conducted.
 - (4) No entity conducting a pharmacy audit shall receive payment or any other consideration on any basis that is based on the amount claimed or the actual amount recouped from the pharmacy being audited.
- 42 (c) (1) Any entity conducting a pharmacy audit shall:
- (A) Provide the pharmacy being audited at least fourteen calendar days' prior written notice before conducting a pharmacy audit;
- (B) Not initiate or schedule a pharmacy audit during the first five business days of any month, unless expressly agreed to by the pharmacy being audited;
- 48 (C) Make all determinations regarding the validity of a prescription 49 or other record consistent with sections 20-612 to 20-623, inclusive, of 50 the general statutes;

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- 51 (D) Accept paper or electronic signature logs that document the 52 delivery of prescription drug and device and pharmacist services to a 53 health plan beneficiary or such beneficiary's agent;
- 54 (E) Provide to the pharmacist in charge, prior to leaving the 55 pharmacy at the conclusion of an on-site portion of a pharmacy audit, 56 a complete list of records reviewed; and
- 57 (F) Establish a process for a pharmacy to appeal a final pharmacy 58 audit report and disclose such procedures to the pharmacy being 59 audited.
- 60 (2) Any pharmacy audit that involves clinical judgment shall be conducted by or in consultation with a licensed pharmacist.
 - (3) No pharmacy audit shall cover a period of more than twentyfour months after the date a claim was submitted by the pharmacy to the pharmacy benefits manager or plan sponsor unless a longer period is required by law.
 - (d) (1) (A) Not later than sixty calendar days after an entity concludes a pharmacy audit and before such entity issues a final pharmacy audit report, such entity shall provide a preliminary pharmacy audit report to the pharmacy. Such entity shall provide such pharmacy with not less than thirty calendar days after such pharmacy receives such preliminary report to respond to the findings in such report, including addressing any alleged mistakes or discrepancies and producing documentation to that effect.
 - (B) To validate the pharmacy record and delivery, a pharmacy may use authentic and verifiable statements or records, including, but not limited to, medication administration records of a nursing home, assisted living facility, hospital or health care provider with prescriptive authority.
- 79 (C) To validate claims in connection with prescriptions or changes 80 in prescriptions, or refills of prescription drugs, a pharmacy may use

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- any valid prescription, including, but not limited to, medication administration records, facsimiles, electronic prescriptions, electronically-stored images of prescriptions, electronically-created annotations or documented telephone calls from the prescribing health care provider or such provider's agent. Documentation of an oral prescription order that has been verified by the prescribing health care provider shall meet the provisions of this subparagraph.
- (D) If an entity conducting a pharmacy audit uses extrapolation to calculate penalties or amounts to be charged back or recouped, the pharmacy may present evidence to validate orders for prescription drugs or prescription devices that are subject to invalidation due to extrapolation.
- (2) (A) Not later than one hundred twenty calendar days after any responses from the pharmacy under subdivision (1) of this subsection are received by the entity conducting the pharmacy audit or, if no such responses are received, after the entity concludes a pharmacy audit, such entity shall issue a final pharmacy audit report that takes into consideration any responses provided to such entity by the pharmacy.
- (B) A pharmacy may appeal a final pharmacy audit report in accordance with the procedures established by the entity conducting the pharmacy audit, provided the time period for filing such appeal is not less than thirty calendar days after such pharmacy receives such final report.
- (C) After an appeal under subparagraph (B) of this subdivision has been decided, the entity that issued the final pharmacy audit report shall provide a written determination of the appeal together with the final pharmacy audit report to the pharmacy and, if applicable, the pharmacy benefits manager and the plan sponsor. If the pharmacy, pharmacy benefits manager or plan sponsor is not satisfied with such determination, such pharmacy, manager or sponsor may seek relief pursuant to the terms of the contract between such pharmacy and such manager or sponsor.

- (e) (1) No pharmacy shall be subject to charge-back or recoupment for a clerical or recordkeeping error in a required document or record, including a typographical error, scrivener's error or computer error, unless such error resulted in actual financial harm to the pharmacy benefits manager, plan sponsor or a plan beneficiary.
- (2) No entity conducting a pharmacy audit or person acting on behalf of such entity shall charge-back or recoup, attempt to charge-back or recoup, or assess or collect penalties from a pharmacy until the time period to file an appeal of a final pharmacy audit report has passed or the appeals process has been exhausted, whichever is later. If an identified discrepancy in a pharmacy audit exceeds thirty thousand dollars, future payments to the pharmacy in excess of such amount may be withheld pending adjudication of an appeal. No interest shall accrue for any party during the audit period, beginning with the notice of the pharmacy audit and ending with the conclusion of the appeals process.
- (f) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a pharmacy audit conducted because a pharmacy benefits manager, a plan sponsor, an entity acting on behalf of such manager or sponsor or an employer covered under a health benefit plan has indications that support a reasonable suspicion that the pharmacy being audited is or has been engaged in criminal wrongdoing, wilful misrepresentation or fraud.
- Sec. 2. Section 38a-479aaa of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):
- 137 As used in this section and sections 38a-479bbb to 38a-479hhh, 138 inclusive, as amended by this act, and section 1 of this act:
- 139 (1) "Commissioner" means the Insurance Commissioner;
- 140 (2) "Department" means the Insurance Department;
- 141 (3) "Drug" means drug, as defined in section 21a-92;

- 142 (4) "Person" means person, as defined in section 38a-1;
- (5) "Pharmacist services" includes (A) drug therapy and other patient care services provided by a licensed pharmacist intended to achieve outcomes related to the cure or prevention of a disease, elimination or reduction of a patient's symptoms, and (B) education or intervention by a licensed pharmacist intended to arrest or slow a disease process;
- (6) "Pharmacist" means an individual licensed to practice pharmacy
 under section 20-590, 20-591, 20-592 or 20-593, and who is thereby
 recognized as a health care provider by the state of Connecticut;
 - (7) "Pharmacy" means a place of business where drugs may be sold at retail and for which a pharmacy license has been issued to an applicant pursuant to section 20-594; and
 - (8) "Pharmacy benefits manager" or "manager" means any person that administers the prescription drug, prescription device, pharmacist services or prescription drug and device and pharmacist services portion of a health benefit plan on behalf of plan sponsors such as self-insured employers, insurance companies, labor unions and health care centers.
- Sec. 3. Section 38a-479bbb of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):
- (a) Except as provided in subsection (d) of this section, no person
 shall act as a pharmacy benefits manager in this state without first
 obtaining a certificate of registration from the commissioner.
 - (b) Any person seeking a certificate of registration shall apply to the commissioner, in writing, on a form provided by the commissioner. The application form shall state (1) the name, address, official position and professional qualifications of each individual responsible for the conduct of the affairs of the pharmacy benefits manager, including all members of the board of directors, board of trustees, executive

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- committee, other governing board or committee, the principal officers in the case of a corporation, the partners or members in the case of a partnership or association and any other person who exercises control or influence over the affairs of the pharmacy benefits manager, and (2) the name and address of the applicant's agent for service of process in
 - (c) Each application for a certificate of registration shall be accompanied by (1) a nonrefundable fee of fifty dollars, and (2) evidence of a surety bond in an amount equivalent to ten per cent of one month of claims in this state over a twelve-month average, except that such bond shall not be less than twenty-five thousand dollars or more than one million dollars.
 - (d) Any pharmacy benefits manager operating as a line of business or affiliate of a health insurer, health care center, hospital service corporation, medical service corporation or fraternal benefit society licensed in this state or any affiliate of such health insurer, health care center, hospital service corporation, medical service corporation or fraternal benefit society shall not be required to obtain a certificate of registration. Such health insurer, health care center, hospital service corporation, medical service corporation or fraternal benefit society shall notify the commissioner annually, in writing, on a form provided by the commissioner, that it is affiliated with or operating a business as a pharmacy benefits manager.
 - [(e) Any person acting as a pharmacy benefits manager on January 1, 2008, and required to obtain a certificate of registration under subsection (a) of this section, shall obtain a certificate of registration from the commissioner not later than April 1, 2008, in order to continue to do business in this state.]
- Sec. 4. Section 38a-479eee of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):
- The commissioner may conduct investigations and hold hearings on

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203 any matter under the provisions of sections 38a-479aaa to 38a-479hhh, 204 inclusive, as amended by this act, and section 1 of this act. The 205 commissioner may issue subpoenas, administer oaths, compel 206 testimony and order the production of books, records and documents. 207 If any person refuses to appear, to testify or to produce any book, 208 record, paper or document when so ordered, upon application of the 209 commissioner, a judge of the Superior Court may make such order as 210 may be appropriate to aid in the enforcement of this section.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2013	New section
Sec. 2	October 1, 2013	38a-479aaa
Sec. 3	October 1, 2013	38a-479bbb
Sec. 4	October 1, 2013	38a-479eee

Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

Throughout section 1, "pharmacy benefit manager" was changed to "pharmacy benefits manager" for statutory consistency.

INS Joint Favorable Subst. -LCO